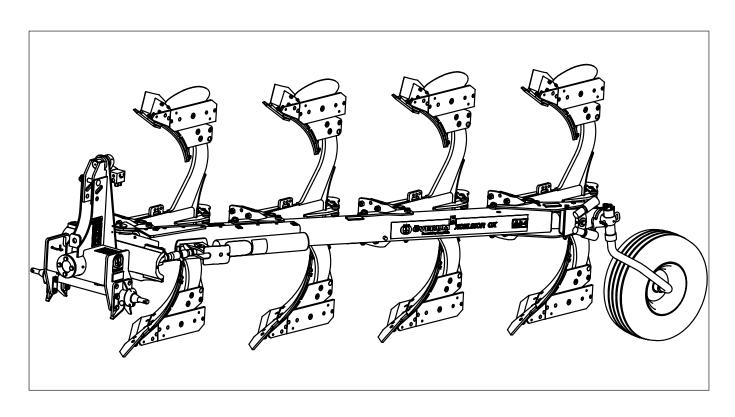
Reversible mounted ploughs Xcelsior BX CX DX EX



Instruction Manual "Original Instructions"

EN

Edition: **170328**



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Maskine: La máquina: Masin: Maschine: Maszyna: Stroj: Machine: Машината: Η μηχανή: Machine: Gép: Máquina: La macchina: Stroj: II-magna: Machine: Mašina: Mašīna:

Maskin: Stroj: Laite: Masina:



Гуре: Xcelsior BX, CX, DX, EX

Designation: Tillage

VIN: 300000-320000

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- îndeplineşte prevederilor Directivei de Maşini 2006/42/CE şi dacă este utilizată de asemenea cu prevederile Directivei referitoare la compatibilitatea electro-magnetică EMC 2014/30/UE.
- on vastavuses Masinate Direktiivi tingimustega 2006/42/EÜ ning sammuti juhul, kui on tegemist sammuti on vastavuses Elektromagnetilise kokkusobivuse Direktiivitingimustega EMC 2014/30/EL.
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Zedelgem Antoon Vermeulen



FOREWORD

DEAR CUSTOMER!

Please read these instructions carefully. If you follow the instructions given, you can expect good results along with a good economic return from your choice of plough.

If carefully operated, adjusted and maintained, the plough will meet all reasonable demands made on it and will give you reliable service in years to come. Should you need further instructions, which are not included in this manual, or require the help of experienced service personnel, we advise you to contact one of our local representatives, which also will have spare parts in stock.

It has always been the ambition of Överum to constantly improve its products. Consequently, in the interest of product improvement, no specification is final or binding and we reserve the right to alter the design of new machine series and equipment without previous notice.



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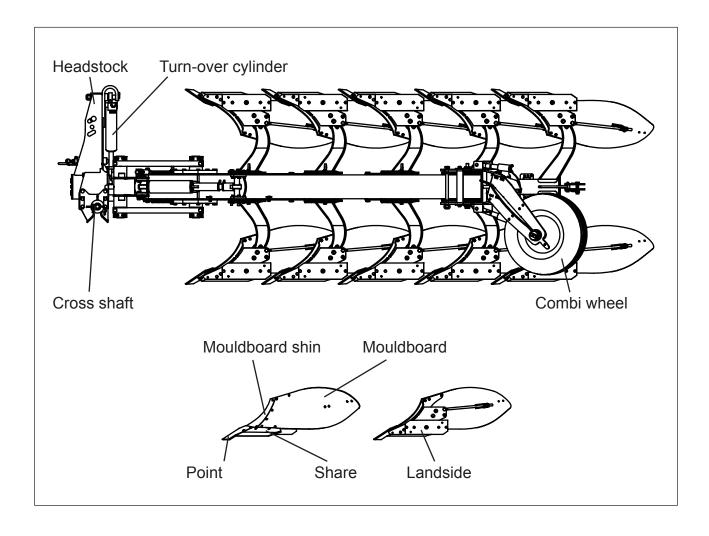
1. INTRODUCTION

DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTION

This plough is designed only for "Reversible Ploughing" by using right-hand and left-hand plough bodies alternately, and for transportation between the farm and different fields. H-ploughs that are equipped with a hydraulic stone trip system can be used in all types of soil. F-ploughs that are equipped with a shear bolt protection are to be used only in soils that are free of stones.

The turn-over mechanism is only to alter the right and left hand bodies between their working positions.

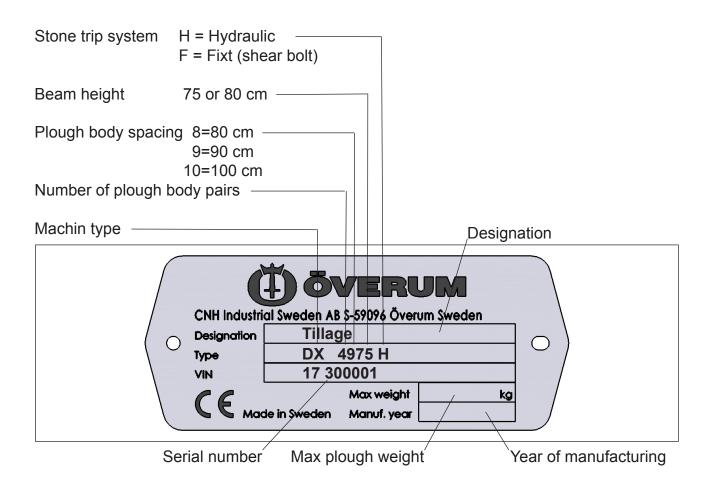
The plough is to be attached to the three-point linkage at the rear of the tractor, with the hydraulic systems connected to the appropriated hydraulic outlets.



IDENTIFICATION OF PLOUGH

Type designation

BX 3975-4975 31075-41075 CX 3975-5975 31075-41075 DX 4975-6975 41075-51075 EX 4975-6975 41075-61075



Complete the sign below with the Machine type and Serial number of Your plough.



SAFETY REGULATIONS

READ THE INSTRUCTION MANUAL. SAFETY IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY.



You should read the instruction manual before you change any settings or start using the plough. The plough is designed and manufactured with as many safety features as possible, but we cannot foresee all possible circumstances that can involve safety hazards with this machine.

Your responsibilities as owner or operator are to ensure the safety of any personnel in connection with: the operation, transport, maintenance or storage of the machine. If you have questions not answered in this manual, please contact your dealer or distributor.

Be aware of your responsibilities. The most important safety device is a safety conscious operator, whose training and experience must include:

- Operator competence, the operator must be able to carry out a correct and complete adjustment of settings and to ensure safe and reliable operation.
 Training in safety issues is to be reviewed or repeated annually.
- Being aware of their environment to the extent that unforeseen safety issues that
 may arise are dealt with to ensure the safety of all personnel (including operators,
 maintenance personnel and bystanders).



This symbol means: SAFETY ALERT!

The safety decals in the instruction manual are used to highlight given instructions that involve safety of all personnel. Failure to comply with a given instruction could result in severe injury or death.

SAFETY ALERT decals Note! The decals on the machine can differ from the decals in this instruction manual.

GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Keep a safe distance

Do not stand under, on or close to the plough when it is in operation or when it is connected to the tractor.

Support the Plough

Do not stand under, on or close to the plough if the plough is not properly supported.

Lower the plough

The plough should be lowered to the ground when standing still.

Front ballast weights

The front of the tractor should be fitted with balance weights as required to maintain optimal traction and directional stability. Ensure that at least 20% of the tractor's weight is carried by the front wheels



Be alert

Ensure that no person is on, underneath or in the hazardous area of the plough during transport, ploughing or when maneuvering the plough. Never work under a lifted plough!

Use the support leg

Always use the support leg when the plough is parked. Park the plough on level firm surface.

Do not allow passengers

Do not allow anyone to ride on the implement when it is being transported or while in operation.

SAFETY WHEN CONNECTING AND DISCONNECTING THE PLOUGH

Risk for personal damage

An unintentional manoeuvre with the tractor may cause serious injury. Always make sure that nobody is standing between the tractor and the machine during connection and disconnection.

Make sure that the plough is locked with sufficient locking pins. During operation, negative forces can occur that push one side of the cross shaft and the lower link of the quick coupling upwards. There is a risk that the hook can release. Therefore, the quick coupling on the lower links should be secured with a bolt.

Make sure the tractors gear is in neutral before starting the engine.

Make sure that there is no pressure in the hydraulic hoses

Before the tractor engine has stopped, make sure that there is no pressure in the hydraulic hoses by activating the tractor spool valves to floating position.

Check the length of the hydraulic hoses

Check the length of the hydraulic hoses when the plough is lowered to working position. Check that they are not too tense.

Check connection of hydraulic hoses

Make sure that the hydraulic hoses are connected to the correct hydraulic outlets on the tractor. If connected incorrectly, the plough can move in an unforeseen way.

MAINTENANCE SAFETY

Avoid contact with oil and grease

To avoid oil and grease contact with your skin, wear protective gloves.

High oil pressure

The plough must be mounted to the tractor!

Be careful when the plough is examined for oil leaks or damaged fittings. Hydraulic oil under pressure can penetrate the skin and cause serious damage. Always release the pressure in the hydraulic system prior to maintenance work on the hydraulic system and make sure that all components are correctly tightened before the system is set under pressure. Always wear gloves and eye protection.

Never tamper with the gas filling valve on the accumulator!

1. INTRODUCTION

Do the maintenance regularly

Do the maintenance work regularly as it is described in this manual, section 6 MAINTENANCE. Replace wearing parts as described. There is a risk of poor performance if the machine not is maintained properly.

Retighten all nuts and bolts

Always remember to retighten all nuts and bolts after about 3 hours of use. Make sure that bolts and nuts are tight at all times. Tightening torques are shown in section 6 MAINTENANCE.

Use protection gloves

Always use gloves when working with parts on the machine as they can have sharp edges.

TRANSPORT SAFETY

Beware of the length of the plough

The plough is long and does not completely follow the tractor in sharp turns. Avoid that the plough's rear end hits an obstacle. The tractors braking pedals must be locked together during transport driving.

The stabilizers of the lower links

The stabilizers of the lower links should be locked when the plough is in transport position, so that the plough is fixed sideways.

Comply with the relevant traffic regulations

The operators have to observe relevant statutory or other national regulations dealing with road safety and labor safety issues.

Drive safe, max 25km/h

Be a safe and courteous driver, yield to oncoming traffic. In all situations, do not exceed 25 km/h.

WARNING DECALS

Explanations



4165 99101 00 Read the manual!

Carefully read the instructions and observe all safety instructions before you connect the machine to the tractor.



4165 98301 00 Warning hazardous area!

It is not allowed to be within the hazardous area, on, under or close to the machine during transport driving, operation or when the plough is reversed. Never work under a lifted plough. Always make sure that nobody is standing between the tractor and the machine.



4165 98300 00 High oil pressure!

Be careful when oil leaks or damaged fittings are examined. Hydraulic oil under pressure can be dangerous. Always release the pressure in the hydraulic system prior to maintenance work on the hydraulic system and make sure that all components are correct tightened before the system is set under pressure. Always wear gloves and eye protection.



4165 99102 00 Support leg

Do not stand close to the plough if not properly supported. When parking the plough always use the support leg.



4165 34375 00 Transport lock

The plough can swing down against the vertical stop when the transport lock is released. Be alert!



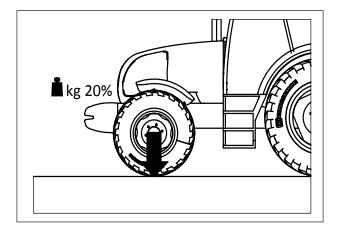
4165 25073 00 Warning! Risk of crushing Risk of crushing injuries. Be careful!

2. TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

CHECKING THE TRACTOR PRIOR TO PLOUGHING

TRACTOR SIZE

The tractor must have an appropriate size to operate the plough safely! Make sure that at least 20% of the tractor's weight is loaded onto the front axle.



FUNCTION OF THE THREE-POINT HITCH

The design of the three-point linkage is based on the principle that the tractor and the plough should operate as one unit. This function is depending of the settings for the lower links and the top link. These components must therefore be maintained in a condition that enables them to be easily adjusted.

The lower link ball joints must be adjusted to the same height before the plough is mounted onto the tractor. Make sure that the lower links can be lowered approximately 20 cm below the cross shaft of the plough.

HYDRAULICS

Following external hydraulic outlets are required:

BX, CX, DX and EX 1 double-acting

(Two double-acting outlets when a hydraulic front furrow adjustment cylinder is mounted) Familiarise yourself with the hydraulic systems of the tractor.

WHEEL ADJUSTMENT - TRACK WIDTH

For ploughing purposes, track width is always measured between the inside walls on the tractor tyres.

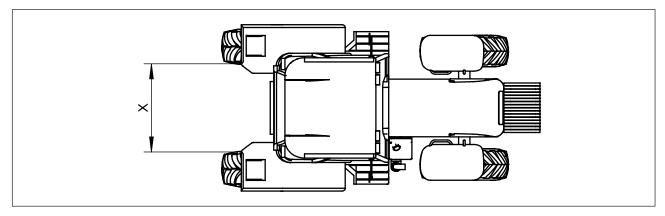
The measurement between the inner walls of the front wheels must be at least equal to the inner measurement between the rear wheels, but may be up to 10 cm. wider. The distance between wheels must be symmetrical, relative to the centre line of the tractor.

The following track widths are recommended: 1200 - 1500 mm

Ideal track width = 3 x the furrow width + 100-150 mm (Example: 16" furrow width 3 x 400 + 125 = 1325 mm)

When ploughing with "wide tyres" the outside walls of the front and the rear tyres should be parallel. The furrow widener knives should be mounted on the last pair of plough bodies.

Note: Large mounted ploughs can affect the stability of the tractor.



TYRE PRESSURE

Both tyre life and optimum traction are achieved by using the correct tyre pressure. Overinflation will increase wheel slip. Make sure that both rear tyres are inflated to the same pressure.

FRONT BALLAST WEIGHTS

The front of the tractor should be fitted with balance weights as required to maintain optimal traction and directional stability.

LIGHTING

The tractor must be equipped with working lights when plowing in the dark.

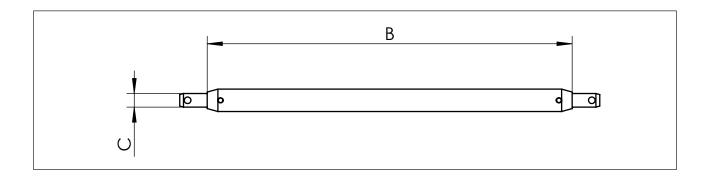
PREPARATION OF THE PLOUGH

Check that the quick-couplings on the hydraulic hoses are the same type as the quick-couplings on the tractor, if required fit the correct quick-couplings to suit your tractor.

Cross shafts Cat. 3 with ø 36 mm cross-shaft pins must be used on all DX and EX models.

| В | С | BX / CX | DX | EX |
|-----|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 825 | ø 28 | X | | |
| 965 | ø 28 | X | | |
| 965 | ø 36 | X | Χ | X |
| 965 | ø 50,8 m | nm (2 Inc) | | X |
| | 825 965 965 | 825 ø 28 965 ø 28 965 ø 36 | 825 ø 28 X 965 ø 28 X 965 ø 36 X | 825 ø 28 X 965 ø 28 X 965 ø 36 X |

The cross shaft must always be mounted centrally in the headstock and locked with the lock collars.



MOUNTING THE PLOUGH ONTO THE TRACTOR

Ensure that the tractor's lower links (ball joints) are at the same height (measure and if necessary adjust the lifting links) and that the lower links can be lowered approximately 20 cm below the cross shaft. The lower link ball joints and the top link ball joint must be of the same category as the cross shaft and the top link pin. LOCK THE LOWER LINKS AND THE TOP LINK WITH SUFFICIENT LOCKING PINS.

Make sure the stabilisers of the lower links are correctly adjusted.

Ploughing position:

The plough should be able to move sideways (not being tensioned into place).

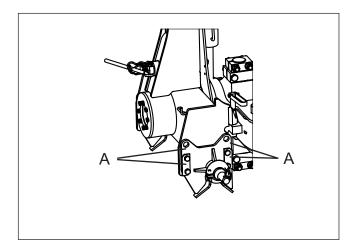
Transport position:

The plough should not be able to swing out and collide with the tractor wheels or fenders.

Cross shaft height

The cross shaft can be mounted in two positions. This is done by altering the height of the cross shaft's quick-coupler mounting brackets after that the bolts **A** have been removed.

Lower position when higher lift height is required.

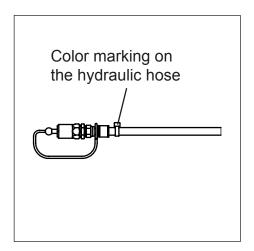


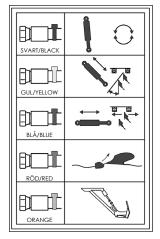
Quick hitching of the plough (all plough types)

- Remove the cross shaft by removing the locking pins.
- Mount the cross shaft onto the tractor's lower links.
- Reverse the tractor so that the cross shaft is placed straight under the quick coupling bracket on the headstock.
- Mount the top link.
- Lift the tractor's lower links until the cross shaft is in place in the quick coupler brackets.
- Lock the cross shaft by remounting the locking pins.

CONNECTION OF HYDRAULICS

Connect the hoses to the tractor's double-acting hydraulic outlets. It is advisable to arrange the connections so that the hydraulic output control lever can be moved in the most convenient direction.





| ID of hydraulic hoses | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Black | Turn-over cylinder | | |
| Yellow | Adjustment of working width | | |
| Blue | Separate adjustment of front furrow | | |
| Red | Stone release system | | |
| Orange | Furrow press arm | | |

CHECKING THE PLOUGH

- Check the tightness of all bolts and nuts.
- Grease all lubrication points.
- Check the tyre pressure and adjust as necessary. See chapter 6. MAINTENANCE, TYRE PRESSURE.
- Mouldboards: In order to make it easy starting up a new plough, the frontside
 of the mouldboards, skim coulters and coverboards are protected with wax.
 The wax do not have to be removed before the plough is used for the first time.
- Check the disc coulter, the skim coulter settings and adjust so that the settings are identical.
- Raise the plough and fold up the support leg, check the turn-over mechanism.
- Always remember to re-tighten all nuts and bolts after about 3 hours of use, apart from that you should make sure that bolts and nuts are tight at all times.

STONE TRIP SYSTEM

Check the working pressure by reading the pressure gauge. For suitable working pressure, see section: 4. STONE TRIP SYSTEM, ADJUSTING OF OPERATING PRESSURE.

TURN-OVER MECHANISM

FUNCTION BX / CX PLOUGHS

The turn-over mechanism consists of one (1) double-acting hydraulic cylinders connected to one (1) double acting hydraulic outlet on the tractor.

Principle of operation

During the turn-over action, the reversing cylinder performs two strokes, the oil flow being reversed automatically when top dead centre is reached. During the first half of the stroke, the piston exerts a pulling action which is automatically converted into a pushing action during the second half of the stroke.

Hold the hydraulic output control lever in the same position during the entire turnover cycle until it is completed.

The lever is to be activated in the same direction every time. In order to achive the correct rollover speed, maintain a higher idle during the entire rollover.



FUNCTION DX/EX PLOUGHS

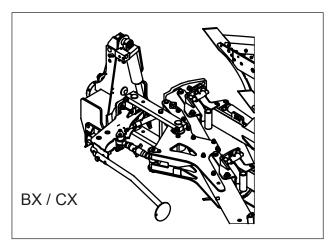
The turn-over mechanism consists of two double acting hydraulic cylinders that are connected to one double acting hydraulic outlet on the tractor. The plough will first be aligned behind the tractor and then the sequence valve starts the turn-over action.

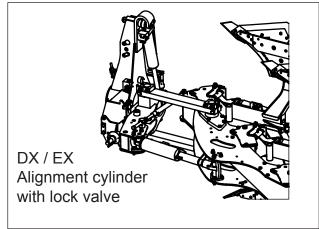
When the turn-over action is activated, the reversing cylinder pull the plough up to the middle position, the oil flow in the reversing cylinder will then automatically be changed and push the plough into the other ploughing position.

Hold the hydraulic output control lever in the same position during the entire turnover cycle until it is completed. When the turn-over action is completed and the plough is pushed out to ploughing position the lock valves will automatically lock the plough in working position.

The lever is to be activated in the same direction every time. In order to achive the correct rollover speed, maintain a higher idle during the entire rollover.

DX and EX ploughs always turning with the bodies over.





3. BASIC SETTINGS

BASIC SETTINGS OF THE PLOUGH

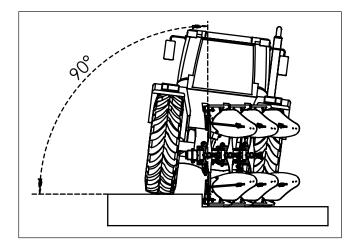
The basic setting can be started when the desired ploughing depth has been reached and when the tractor wheels (right or left hand pair) are running in a furrow with the same depth.

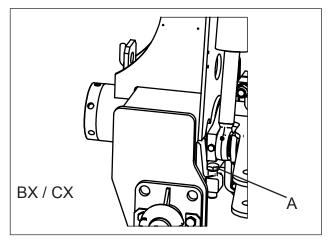
1. VERTICAL ADJUSTMENT

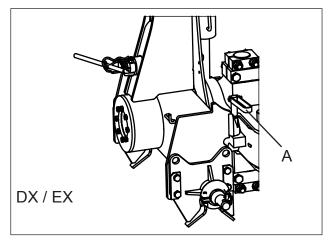
The tractor lower links must be at the same height to give the correct vertical angle. The vertical setting can be checked by observing the plough from the rear. The beams should be at right angles (90 °) to the ground.

The vertical adjustment of the right-hand bodies is altered with the adjustment screw **A** on the left side of the plough, and vice-versa.

ADJUSTING:Lift the plough out of the ground, turn the plough over, adjust the stop screw, turn the plough back over, lower the plough and continue ploughing.



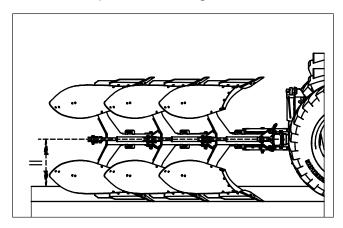




2. HORIZONTAL ADJUSTMENT

Mount the top link so that it is 5 - 10 cm lower on the tractor than on the plough when in working position. The top link can be mounted in different positions on the plough. The slotted hole can be used on tractors equipped with lower link sensing hydraulic system, and it should be used with large ploughs.

Adjust the length of the top link so that the depth of ploughing is the same for the first and last bodies. The frame will now run parallel to the ground.



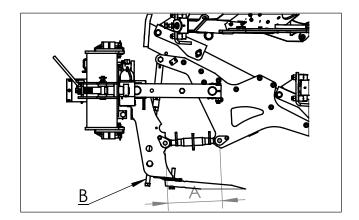
3. FIRST FURROW WIDTH AND PULL LINE

BX ploughs

The turn-over axle should be straight in line with the centre of the tractor, if not adjust with adjustment screw **A**.

Shortening of **A**-measurement = The plough moves towards the ploughed ground. Lengthening of **A**-measurement = The plough moves away from the ploughed ground. Basic **A**-measurement see section 9: BASIC **A**-MEASUREMENTS.

Drive forwards and check the result. If the first furrow is not cutting the right width, adjust with the front furrow adjustment screw **B** or the first furrow cylinder.





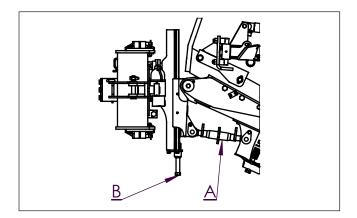
NOTE! Make sure that the stabilisers of the lower links are correctly adjusted. The plough should be able to move sideways.

CX ploughs

The turn-over axle should be straight in line with the centre of the tractor, if not adjust with adjustment screw **A**.

Shortening of **A**-measurement = The plough moves towards the ploughed ground. Lengthening of **A**-measurement = The plough moves away from the ploughed ground. Basic **A**-measurement see section 9: BASIC **A**-MEASUREMENTS.

Drive forwards and check the result. If the first furrow is not cutting the right width, adjust with the front furrow adjustment screw **B**.





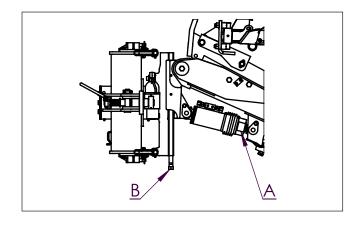
NOTE! Make sure that the stabilisers of the lower links are correctly adjusted. The plough should be able to move sideways.

DX ploughs

The turn-over axle should be straight in line with the centre of the tractor, if not adjust with adjustment screw **A**.

Shortening of **A**-measurement = The plough moves towards the ploughed ground. Lengthening of **A**-measurement = The plough moves away from the ploughed ground. Basic **A**-measurement see section 9: BASIC **A**-MEASUREMENTS.

Drive forwards and check the result. If the first furrow is not cutting the right width, adjust with the front furrow adjustment screw **B** or the first furrow cylinder.





NOTE! Make sure that the stabilisers of the lower links are correctly adjusted. The plough should be able to move sideways.



NOTE! There is a grub screw that has to be loosened prior to adjustment of the A screw

EX ploughs

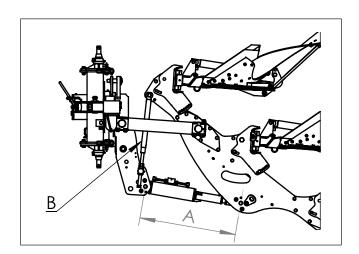
The turn-over axle should be straight in line with the centre of the tractor, if not adjust with adjustment screw **A**.

Shortening of **A**-measurement (min length) = The plough moves towards the ploughed ground

Lengthening of **A**-measurement (min length) = The plough moves away from the ploughed ground.

Basic A-measurement see section 9: BASIC A-MEASUREMENTS.

Drive forwards and check the result. If the first furrow is not cutting the right width, adjust with the front furrow adjustment screw **B** or the first furrow cylinder.



Check the maximum stroke of the alignment cylinder. The maximum stroke for alignment cylinder should always be set to 1115 mm.



NOTE! Make sure that the stabilisers of the lower links are correctly adjusted. The plough should be able to move sideways.

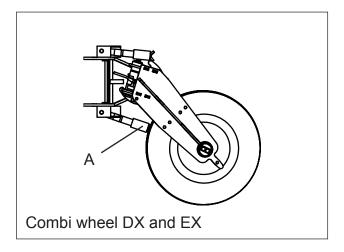
4. PLOUGHING DEPTH

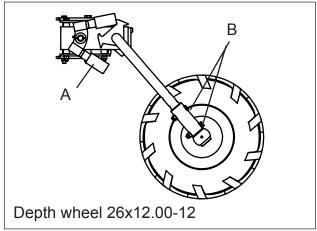
The optimum traction of the tractor is improved by using the hydraulic draught control to determine the ploughing depth. When soil conditions vary, the operator will be required to use the depth control lever to ensure that the ploughing is maintained at a uniform depth.

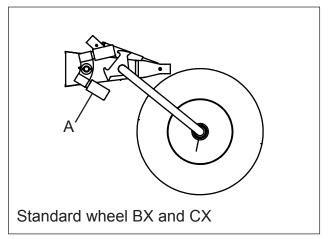
The use of a depth wheel on the plough will give uniform ploughing depth. The best method is to use a combination of depth wheel and draught control, which gives a good weight transfer in hard soils and allows the depth wheel to limit the ploughing depth in light soils.

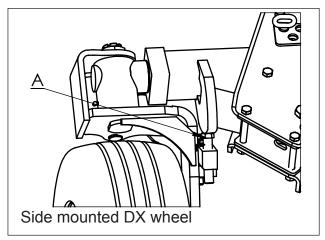
The set screws **A** are used to set the individual depth for each side.

The wheel axle can be adjusted in different positions **B**, depending on ploughing depth.









5. VERTICAL ADJUSTMENT, OTHER SIDE

Vertical adjustment for the other side of the plough is done as per item 1.



Make sure that no one is in close proximity of the plough when turn-over action is carried out. Never attempt to adjust any of the settings while the plough is in use.

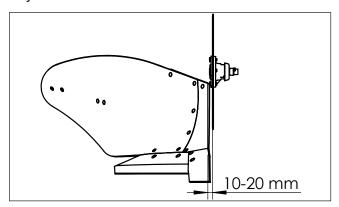


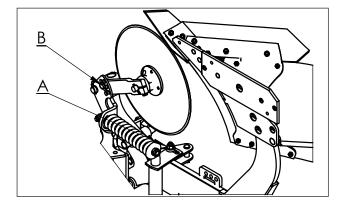
DISC COULTERS

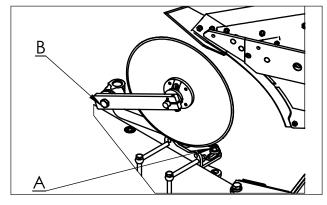
The purpose of the disc coulters is to make a vertical cut, separating the furrow slices. There are two types of disc coulters, fixed and spring loaded. When ploughing in stony or very heavy soils, the spring-loaded type of disc coulter should be used. This is to protect the coulters and to ensure that they do not act like a support wheel, carrying the plough, which would prevent it from maintaining a correct ploughing depth.

Side adjustment of disc coulters

The coulters should be set to produce a clean cut. Under normal conditions, the cut should be made 10 - 20 mm outside the landside, depending on type and condition of soil. The left and right hand coulters are set individually by loosening the nut on bracket **A** and turning the coulter shank sideways.







Depth adjustment of disc coulters

To maintain a favourable cutting angle towards the surface, the disc coulters should never be set deeper in the ground than 1/3 of their diameter.

Depth adjustment is carried out by fitting the coulter arm to different positions, **B**. This applies for both fixed and spring loaded disc coulters.

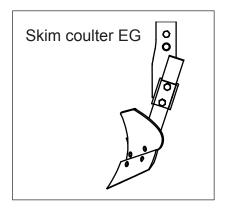
Make sure that all disc coulters on the plough are set to the same depth and are on an equal distance from the landsides on both left and right hand sides.

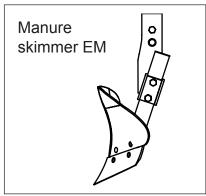


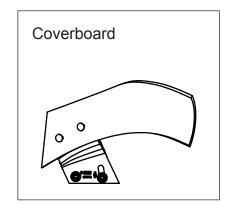
ATTENTION! Be alert, there is always a risk for injuries while adjusting disc coulters and skimmers.

ADJUSTMENT / SETTING OF SKIMMING DEVICES

The basic purpose of the skimming devices is to cut off and turn down a corner of the surface layer with crop residues and weeds so that these are well buried. Properly used skimming devices give the best mechanical weed control. Three different types of skimming devices are available for this purpose. All skimmers are equipped with shear bolt protection (Part no. 4165 20376 00)







Skim coulter EG

Skim coulter EG is used to advantage when good weed control is important and when ploughing grasslands. It works well in firmer soils, which produces a continuous furrow slice. The depth should not be set deeper than that a corner of the furrow slice is cut off and turned down. (Maximum 5 cm at the point).

When disc coulters are not mounted, the point of the skim coulter should be set to run about 10 - 20 mm outside the landside. When disc coulters are mounted, the skim coulters should run beside the disc coulters, with the points about 10 mm away from the disc.

Manure skimmer EM

Recommended for deeper skimming and heavy trash. The convex mouldboard allows the trash to go on both sides of the skim shank. Works well without disc coulter.

The point of the manure skimmer should be set to cut approximately 10 - 20 mm outside the landside.

Coverboard

The coverboard does not affect the diagonal clearance of the plough. As a result, it can be used to advantage in loose soils and where considerable quantities of straw are present, but not in sticky soils.

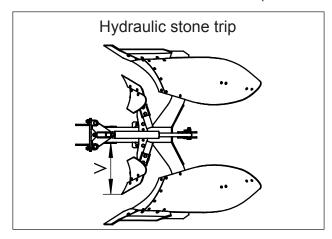
The operation of the coverboard is dependent on the depth and speed of ploughing. The front of the coverboard should always be in contact with the mouldboard shin, whereas the outer section can be adjusted vertically to suit the ploughing depth.

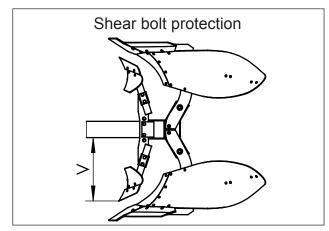


NOTE: The coverboard should only cut off a small corner of the furrow slice.



BASIC SETTING OF SKIMMERS (for 20 cm plough depth)





Hydraulic stone trip system

The mounting position of the skimmer bracket on the beam is the same if the plough is equipped with fin coulters or disc coulters.

The skimmer bracket is mounted in the rear hole as standard.

The distance V is measured between the beam and the skimmer share point and should be adjusted as follows:

Under beam clearance 75 cm V = 540Under beam clearance 80 cm V = 620(Valid for all types of skimmers EG and EM)

Shear bolt protection

The skimmer mounting brackets are to be mounted onto the beam housings.

The distance V is measured between the main frame and the skimmer share point and should be adjusted as follows:

BX CX DX ploughs

Under beam clearance 75 cm V = 530 Under beam clearance 80 cm V = 580

EX ploughs

Under beam clearance 75 cm V = 505Under beam clearance 80 cm V = 555

The skimmer share points should be set to cut approximately 10-20 mm outside the landsides.

When the skimmers are adjusted all the skimmer share points should be in a straight line.



ATTENTION!

Be alert, there is always a risk for injuries when adjusting disc coulters and skimmers.

TROUBLESHOOTING - PLOUGHING

The following common faults produce poor ploughing results, giving higher running costs and causing unnecessary wear on both the tractor and plough.

| Problem | Reason | Checklist |
|--|---|--|
| Tractor pulls to one side and must be steered to counteract this | Plough incorrectly adjusted | Correct the plough adjustments, see basic settings. Check front and rear track widths. Check that the tractor's stabilisers are not tensioned. |
| Front end of tractor tends to lift | The front is too light. NOTE: The tractor must never be allowed to run on the back wheels (rear up) | Fit front weights or fill front tires with fluid |
| The first plough body cuts | The cross-shaft is not mounted centrally | Move the cross-shaft to the centre |
| different furrow | Incorrect vertical adjustment | Adjust the vertical adjustment. |
| widths in left and right hand ploughing | Tractor lower links are unequal in length | Loosen the cross-shaft and adjust the plough until right and left-hand sides are equally wide |
| Uneven ploughing result left and | Vertical adjustment faulty. | Adjust vertical adjustment, both sides. |
| right hand sides | Different operating angles on right and left-hand mouldboards | Adjust the mouldboard operating angles so that the G measurement is equal on both sides, then adjust the parallelism |
| First furrow slice too high or low | Incorrect basic setting | Adjust as per basic settings: Front furrow width, |
| The furrows are stepped | Incorrect basic setting | Adjust as per basic settings: Horizontal and vertical settings |
| Furrow slices remain standing | Skimming devices set too low | Adjust the skimmer's to reduce skimming action. |
| or aren't fully turned | Soil resistance causes plough to trip | Increase the working pressure |
| | Plough leans excessively toward unploughed side | Adjust the vertical setting. |
| | Furrow width too narrow in relation to depth | Increase the furrow width |
| Furrow height alters within the | Lateral setting of disc coulters incorrect | Adjust the coulters |
| same run | Skim coulters set to different depths or have incorrect side adjustment | Adjust the skimmers |

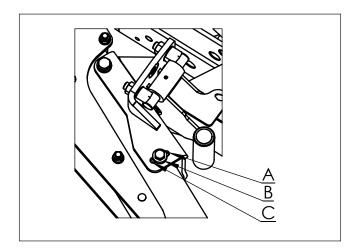
ADJUSTMENT OF WORKING WIDTH

All BX CX and DX ploughs are equipped with adjustable working widths.

ADJUSTMENT OF WORKING WIDTH BX CX DX

1. Alternating the beam housing position

Each plough body pair can swivel around the front bolt in the beam housing. By placing rear bolt in one of the three different positions **A**, **B** or **C** you will alter the working (furrow) width. The table below shows you what working (furrow) widths you can achieve for the plough, note interbody clearance. When bolts has been mounted in the desired hole, tighten it up. For tightening torques see chapter: 6. MAINTENANCE, REPLACEMENT OF WEARING PARTS.



| Interboby clearence | Α | В | С |
|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| 90 cm | 14"/350 | 16"/400 | 18"/450 |
| 100 cm | 16"/400 | 18"/450 | 20"/500 |



NOTE! Remember to retighten the bolts after approx. 3 hours.

2. Altering the width on the depth-wheels

The depth wheels are moved together with the rear beam housing and will always run parallel with the landsides.

3. Plough adjustment/alignment

Adjust the plough into the tractor's centreline and adjust the first furrow width. Check that the right shares being used.

ADJUSTMENT OF WORKING WIDTH EX

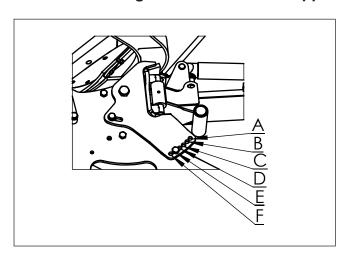
EX ploughs are equipped with adjustable working widths: 12",14",16",18" 20" and 22" with 90 cm inter body clearance, alternately 14",16",18",20" and 22" with 100 cm inter body clearance.

1. Alternating the beam housing position

Each plough body pair can swivel around the front bolt in the beam housing. By placing rear bolt in one of the three different positions **A**, **B**, **C**, **D**, **E** and **F** you will alter the working (furrow) width. The table below shows you what working (furrow) widths you can achieve for the plough, note point to point clearance. When the bolts has been mounted in the desired hole, tighten it. For tightening torques see chapter: 6. MAINTENANCE, REPLACEMENT OF WEARING PARTS.



NOTE! Remember to retighten the bolts after approx 3h.

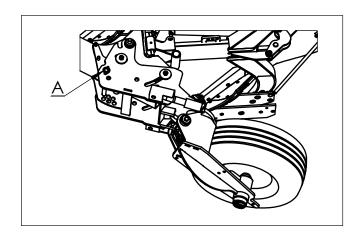


| Interboby cleare | ence A | В | С | D | E | F |
|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 90 cm | 12"/300 | 14"/350 | 16"/400 | 18"/450 | 20"/500 | 22"/550 |
| 100 cm | 14"/350 | 16"/400 | 18"/450 | 20"/500 | 22"/550 | |

2. Altering the width on the depth-wheels

The depth wheel bracket has to be altered.

Put pin **A** in a position that makes the wheel running parallel with the landside.



3. Plough adjustment/alignment

Adjust the plough into the tractor's centre line and adjust the first furrow width. Check that the right shares being used.

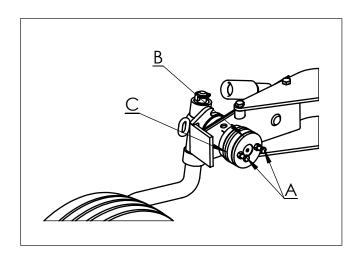
COMBI WHEEL

COMBI WHEEL 10,0/80-12 CX DX

The combination wheel is equpped with a spring tensioned friction brake.

Adjustment of the braking system

- Loosen the lock nuts A, so that the lock washer B isn't in contact with the lock nuts.
- Adjust the friction brake with the large plough wrench.
 Clockwise = harder (more friction); counter clockwise = looser (less friction).
 Make a small adjustment and try the function, re-adjust if necessary.
- Make sure the lock washer **B** is approximately 2 3 mm from the lock plate **C** prior to tensioning the lock nuts **A**. This is to allow the lock washer to bend and lock around the centre shaft, which will prevent the lock plate from turning.



TRANSPORT DRIVING WITH THE COMBI-WHEEL IN BUTTERFLY POSITION

Transport position

- Lift the plough and remove the wheel with the wheel axle from the console.
- Place the wheel with the wheel axle into the bracket, which should be mounted onto the frame.
- Move the lever in the headstock to locking position.
- Activate the turn-over mechanism. The plough will now go up to middle position and remain locked in that position.
- Lower the front part of the plough so that the top link pin becomes situated in the centre of the long hole in the headstock when the plough and the tractor stand on flat ground.
- The plough is now ready for transport driving and the wheel will act as a pivot wheel.

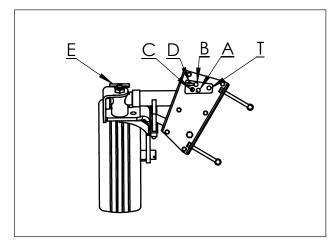
Ploughing position

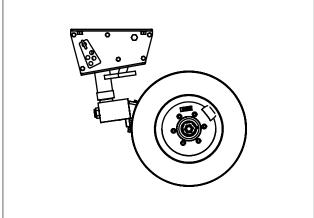
- Lift the plough
- Move the lever for the lock in the headstock to the unlocked position.
- Activate the turn-over mechanism so that the plough re-assumes ploughing position.
- Move the wheel with the wheel axle back to its position in the console.

SIDE MOUNTED COMBI WHEEL 10,5/65-16" DX PLOUGHS

Function

When reversing the plough the wheel turns over forwards. The wheel scraper guides the wheel towards the rear ploughing position. Adjust the hydraulic system of the tractor, so that the lowering of the plough are carried out at a relative slow speed. Drive forwards when lowering the plough. The ploughing depth is adjusted with the two set screws.





Transport driving

- Remove the pin for the actual (furrow) width and swing the wheel out to transport position.
- Pull out the handle **E** and turn the wheel axle 90° see above.
 - **NOTE!** It is important that the locking pin for the handle is mounted prior to transport driving.
- Move the lever in the headstock to locking position.
- Activate the turn-over mechanism. The plough will now go up to middle position and remain locked in that position.
- Lower the front part of the plough so that the top link pin becomes situated in the centre of the long hole in the headstock when the plough and the tractor stand on flat ground.

The plough is now ready for transport driving and the wheel will act as a pivot wheel.

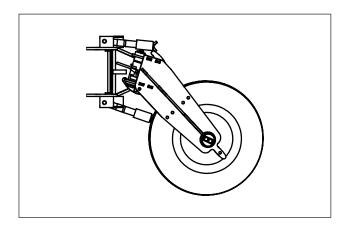
Adjustment of working width

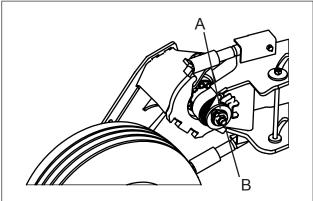
| Interbody clearance | Α | В | С | D |
|---------------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 90 cm | 18"/ 450 mm | 16"/400 mm | 14"/350 mm | |
| 100 cm | 20"/ 500 mm | 18"/450 mm | 16"/400 mm | 14"/ 350 mm |

COMBI WHEEL 10,5/65-16, 340/55-16 DX EX

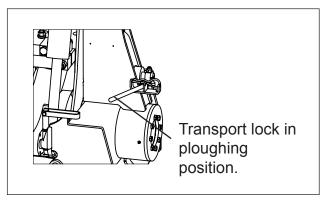
Function

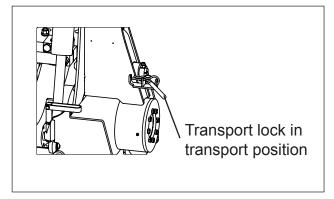
When reversing the plough the wheel turns over backwards. A progressive braking system that can be adjusted protects the wheel. The wheel can easy be set to transport position. The ploughing depth is adjusted with the two set screws, see chapter 3. BASIC SETTINGS, PLOUGHING DEPTH.





Adjustment: Remove the bolt and the lock washer **A** adjust the braking force by tensioning or loosening nut **B**. After adjustment, mount the lock washer. Never grease the friction plates!





Transport driving

- Reverse the plough so that the wheel is placed on left hand side (right hand plough bodies down)
- Press down the handle and swing the wheel out to transport position
- Move the lever in the headstock to locking position.
- Activate the turn-over mechanism. The plough will now go up and lock in middle position
- Lower the front part of the plough so that the top link pin becomes situated in the centre of the long hole in the headstock when the plough and the tractor stand on level ground, The plough is now ready for transport.

Back to ploughing position

- Release the transport lock, push up the lever so that the locking axle is released through the slot.
- Lock the lever in the headstock to ploughing position
- Reverse the plough so that the wheel is placed on left hand side (right hand plough bodies down)
- Lower the plough, press down the handle and swing the wheel out to ploughing position

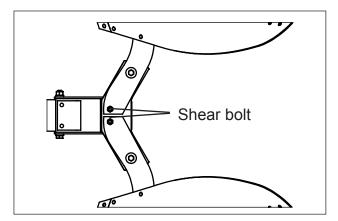
4. STONE TRIP SYSTEM

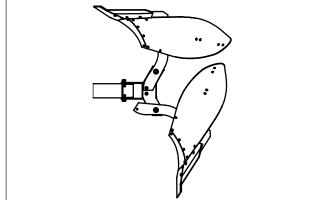
To protect the plough and tractor, all ploughs are equipped with a stone trip system.

SHEAR BOLT PROTECTION

All (fixed beam) ploughs are protected by a shear bolt in each leg (part no. 4165 91399 00)

NOTE: Always ensures that the correct grade of bolt is used for replacement. Bolts of an inferior grade may distort without shearing, causing the plough body to get out of line.





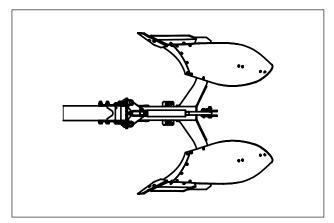
HYDRAULIC STONE TRIP SYSTEM

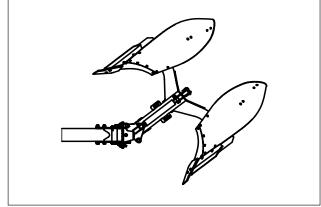
The tripping mechanism consists of a trip cylinder for each pair of plough bodies. The cylinder is connected to a gas/oil accumulator. The accumulator is precharged with nitrogen gas (N₂).

The trip cylinders, pressure hoses and the accumulator are pressurized with oil = working pressure as shown by the pressure gauge.

When ploughing, the pressure of the nitrogen gas acts as a spring inside the accumulator giving the plough bodies fully automatic and individual tripping and resetting actions.

The design of the trip system allows the plough bodies to move in all directions.





The precharge pressure in the accumulator is 9 MPa (90 bar).

The working pressure (oil pressure) is shown by the pressure gauge and should be at least 10% higher than the precharge gas pressure.

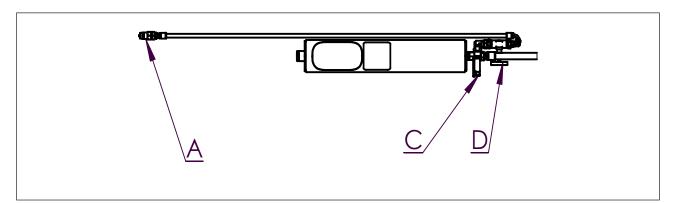
Working pressure should be between 10,5 - 14 MPa (105-140 bar).

Rule: The working pressure should not be adjusted higher than that the bodies keep their correct positions during ploughing and do not trip solely because of soil resistance.

ADJUSTMENT OF OPERATING PRESSURE

Connect the filling hose (\mathbf{A}) to a single-acting hydraulic outlet on the tractor. Open the valve (\mathbf{D}) and adjust the pressure to the required value using the tractor hydraulics. Close the valve (\mathbf{D}) and repositioning the hose in its original position.

NOTE: The plough must be connected to the tractor when adjusting the pressure and when depressurizing the system. Always ensure maximum cleanliness when working with the hydraulic system.



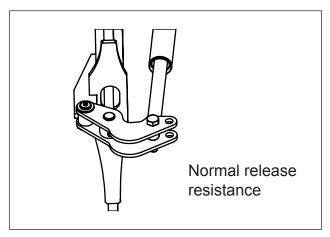


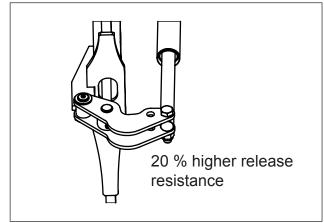
Never attempt to disconnect any hydraulic connection while the system is pressurized.

Changing of the working pressure (mechanically)

In extremely heavy and resistant soils, where consistently high working pressures (above 13 MPa) are required to prevent the plough bodies from tripping due to soil resistance, the trip resistance can be increased mechanically.







Adjustment: Connect the filling hose for the stone trip system as described in the preceding ADJUSTMENT OF OPERATING PRESSURE, and depressurize the system.

Remove the piston rod from inner hole and relocate it in to the outer hole, this increases the leverage, which results in a 20% increase of the resistance.

CHECKING THE ACCUMULATOR

The plough must be mounted to the tractor!

The accumulator precharge pressure should be checked at regular intervals with the help of the pressure gauge.

Connect the filling hose as described in "ADJUSTMENT OF WORKING PRESSURE", set the control lever on the tractor to the open return position and open the shut-off valve slightly. The working pressure will now drop slowly to a specific value and then fall rapidly to zero.

The pressure shown by the gauge at which the rapid drop occurs is the accumulator precharge pressure.

In a similar manner, the precharge pressure can be checked when filling. In this case, the reading will rise rapidly from 0 to a specific value, after which it will increase slowly. The pressure gauge reading at the end of the rapid rise in pressure is the accumulator precharge pressure.

SUMMARY: The pressure at which the gauge reading drops quickly when emptying the system and at which the reading stops rising quickly when filling the system, is the accumulator precharge pressure.

Should the pressure fall by more than 2 MPa (20 bar) below the precharge pressure specified on the accumulator, contact your local dealer for advice.



Never tamper with the gas filling valve. Never attempt to disconnect a hydraulic connection while the system is pressurized. The plough must be mounted to the tractor!

5. DRIVING A REVERSIBLE PLOUGH

Road transport: Always remember that a relatively considerable weight is resting on

the rear axle of the tractor. To ensure that the tractor retains its steering

properties, fit front weights as required.

Driving speeds, transport:

Adapt driving speed to the road conditions so that the plough does not bounce behind the tractor. This could alter the plough settings and

impose abnormal stresses on it.

Maximum transport speed 25 km/h (16 mph)

Ploughing: Adapt ploughing speed to the prevailing ground conditions and

presence of stones.

NOTE: Excessively high speed costs money in terms of wear and

damage to equipment.

After turning on headlands, always ensure that entry is made from Turning on headlands:

the unploughed side. Turning on headland can be done in two different

ways:

Three-point turn:

This consists of raising the plough at the headland mark, turning towards the unploughed side, reversing towards the ploughed side, driving forward and then lowering the plough at the headland mark. The plough should preferably be turned-over while driving forward or

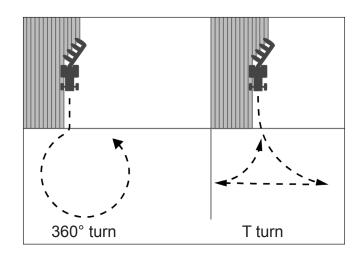
at standstill.

360° Turn: Start by raising the plough at the headland mark, immediately followed

by a 360° turn starting off towards the ploughed side, re-approaching from the unploughed side and lowering the plough at the headland

mark. The plough can be turned over any time during the turn..

The method chosen will differ from driver to driver and to some extent, also on the type of tractor. The three-point turn requires more work for the driver, but requires a smaller headland, while the 360° turn, although faster, requires less labour and a somewhat wider headland



USEFUL OPERATIONAL POINTS

Marking of headlands

Always mark the headlands, working inward, towards the field with the rear body, (i.e. with an extended top-link and the front end of the plough raised).

In good regular fields, headland marking is only necessary at the short sides. In irregular fields or fields surrounded by ditches, hedges or other obstacles, the headlands should be marked out all around the field.

Headland width

Headlands should always be of an adequate width to permit the plough to be fully raised out of the ground before starting to turn the tractor. Depending on the size of the tractor and plough, and the method of turning on the headland (reversing or making a 360° turn), the headland width should be between 10 - 20 meters.

Ploughing

When starting ploughing at the edge of the field or at the side headland (if marked out all around), the first furrow slice should be laid inwards using the same plough setting as when marking the headlands. Ploughing begins with the second run in which the first furrow slice is returned. All the soil will by this be ploughed through completely. On the third run, the tractor will be running in a furrow at the correct depth and the basic settings should be adjusted.

LOWERING AND RAISING OF THE PLOUGH SHOULD BE CARRIED OUT AT THE HEADLAND MARKS.

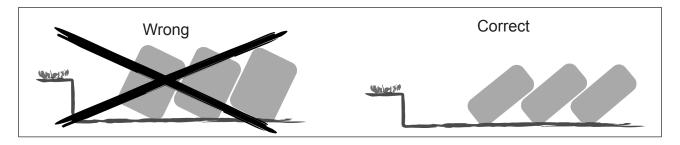
An even edge at the headland marking will make it easier to plough the headlands and eliminate double ploughing.

Drive Straight! Crooked furrows impose high stress on both tractor and plough, and contribute to an unsatisfactory result due to poor matching. Consequently, the furrows should be straightened as quickly as possible.

Always use the plough bodies alternately to equalise the wear on both right and left hand sides, otherwise, it will be impossible to produce uniform furrow slices on both sides.

Select the correct furrow width

The working width must always be proportional to the ploughing depth, i.e. the maximum depth should not exceed 2/3 of the furrow width. This to ensure that the furrow slices are correctly balanced and turned over.



6. MAINTENANCE

To ensure the plough a long life and to avoid unnecessary wear, observe the following instructions.

The plough comes with three wrenches. The wrenches are used for re-tightening the bolts and for replacing the wear parts.

REPLACEMENT OF WEARING PARTS

All wearing parts should be replaced in good time in order to protect more vital parts, which will save you money. Always use original spare parts, which will ensure that you get wearing parts with good quality and which fit the plough. This is also a condition for validity of the warranty.

Point and Shares

The points and shares must be replaced before it has been worn down so far that the frog is damaged.

Mouldboards

When replacing mouldboards, ensure that the bolts are CROSS-TIGHTENED in order to avoid tension being built into the mouldboard, which may cause it to crack.

Mouldboard shin

When replacing the mouldboard shin, ensure that the bolts are CROSS-TIGHTENED in order to avoid tension being built into the mouldboard shin, which may cause it to crack.

Landsides

If the landsides are severely worn, the plough will break out towards the unploughed soil which gives a poorer turning of the furrow slice and the plough will pull heavier.

Disc coulter blades

If a good cutting function should be maintained, the coulter blade should be replaced when 1/3 of the original diameter is worn off.



- The plough must be mounted to the tractor!
- Never carry out adjustment or replacing wearing parts unless the tractor engine is stopped and the plough is louvered to level ground.
- Never work under a raised plough without securing it with a stand or similar, to avoid accidental lowering of the plough.
- Never rely solely on the tractor hydraulic system.
- Always wear gloves and protective goggles when handling worn implement parts with sharp edges.

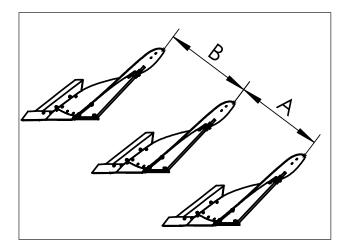


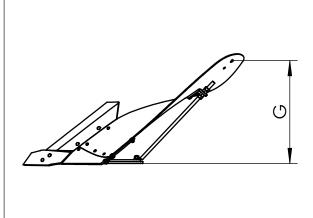
PARALLELISM AND G-MEASUREMENT OF THE MOULDBOARDS

 Check the working angle of the mouldboard. The normal position is measured on the rear plough body between the extended inside line of the landside, horizontally out against the outermost hole in the mouldboard, see measurement G. Adjust the mouldboard stay if necessary

| XL | Mouldboard normal measurement | G = 580 mm |
|-----|---|-------------|
| XLD | Mouldboard normal measurement | G = 670 mm |
| XU | Mouldboard normal measurement | G = 625 mm |
| UC | Mouldboard normal measurement | G = 550 mm |
| XS | Measurement to the outer end of the bottom slat | = 635 mm |
| | Measurement to the outer end of the top slat | = 505 mm |

- Repeat the same procedure for the rear body on the opposite side.
- Measure from the now adjusted rear, two bodies forward and adjust the mouldboard stays if necessary, to the interbody space 800-900-1000 mm A= B.





TIGHTENING THE BOLTS

Bolts of quality 8.8, 10.9 and 12.9 are used on the ploughs. When replacing these bolts, ensure that the same quality bolts and nuts are used. It is easier to tighten bolts and nuts to correct tightening torque, if they are lubricated with oil.

| | | | _ | | |
|-----|------|-----|------|------|-------------|
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| пи | | | и ю | ıuu | 15 3 |

| rigintenning torque 5 | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Quality | <u>Size</u> | <u>Torque</u> | <u> </u> |
| | | Dry bolts | Bolts and nuts |
| | | and nuts | lubricated with oil |
| 8,8 | M12 | 81 Nm | 70 Nm |
| 8,8 | M16 | 197 Nm | 170 Nm |
| 8,8 | M18 | 275 Nm | 236 Nm |
| 8,8 | M20 | 385 Nm | 330 Nm |
| 8,8 | M24 | 665 Nm | 572 Nm |
| 8,8 | M30 | 1310 Nm | 1127 Nm |
| 10,9 | M12 | 114 Nm | 98 Nm |
| 10,9 | M16 | 277 Nm | 238 Nm |
| 10,9 | M20 | 541 Nm | 465 Nm |
| 10,9 | M24 | 935 Nm | 804 Nm |
| 10,9 | M30 | 1840 Nm | 1582 Nm |
| 12,9 | M16* | 333 Nm | 286 Nm |
| 12,9 | M20 | 649 Nm | 558 Nm |
| 12,9 | M24 | 1120 Nm | 963 Nm |
| | | | |

^{*} The M16 screws that are mounted through the link plates but outside the main frame should be tightened to 200 Nm

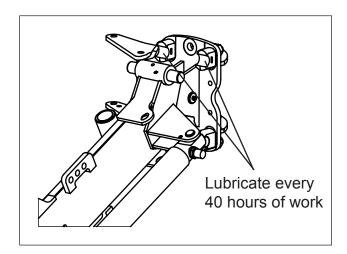
GREASING OF THE BEAM HINGE POINTS

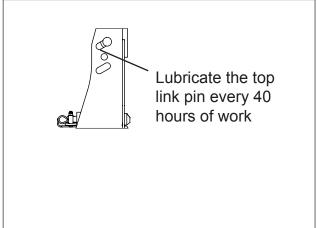
Grease the beam hinge points weekly, in stony conditions more frequently.

Procedure: Position the plough with the bodies approx. 15 cm above the ground. For depressurising the accumulators, see section 4. STONE TRIP SYSTEM, CHECKING THE ACCUMULATOR.

The hinge points will now expose as the beams drop down. Grease all the upper hinge points (MoS2 grease is recommended) Also grease all other lubricating points in the stone trip linkage while depressurized. Now pressurise the accumulators, make sure that the beams return to their correct positions. Reverse the plough and repeat the procedure. Charge the accumulators up to the correct operating pressure!

NOTE! Make sure that all beams return to their correct positions.





TYRE PRESSURE

| Tyre | Recommended | Pressure |
|-------------|-------------|----------|
| 7.00-12 | 250kPa | 2,5 bar |
| 10.0/80-12 | 250kPa | 2,5 bar |
| 26x12.00-12 | 250kPa | 2,5 bar |
| 10.5/80-16 | 250kPa | 2,5 bar |
| 340/55-16 | 250kPa | 2,5 bar |

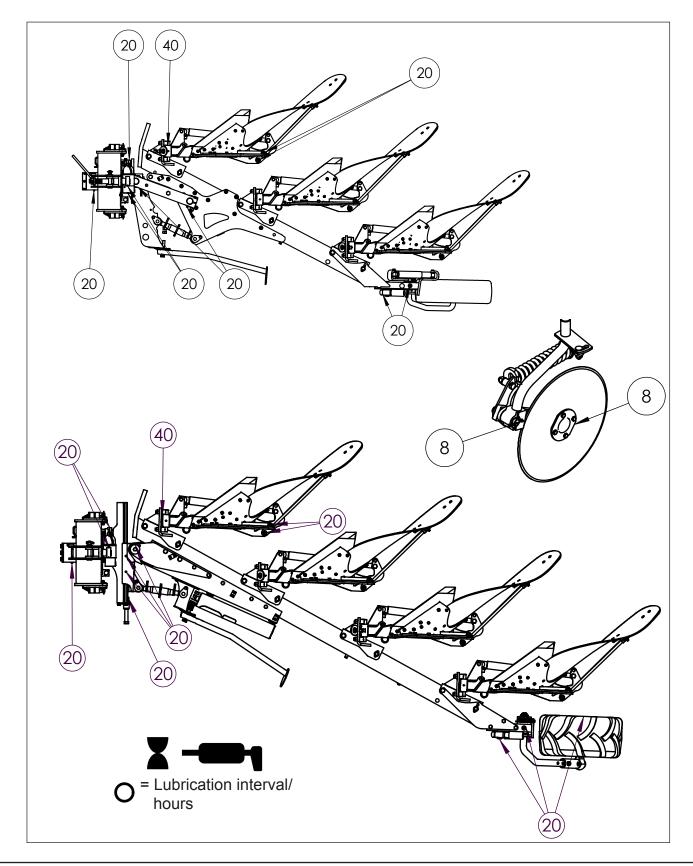
WINTER STORAGE

- Clean the plough properly
- Ensure that all wearing parts are in good condition, replace if necessary (so that the plough is ready for the next season)
- Tighten all bolts and nuts
- Check the pre-charge pressure in the accumulator
- Lubricate all lubrication points with grease and oil
- Protect the mouldboards and all the shiny details by lubricating them with either oil, under coat protection or acid-free grease
- The stone trip system should be stored in a pressurised condition so that all trip cylinders are fully extended and filled with oil
- Check the hydraulic hoses on the stone trip system and replace any damaged parts

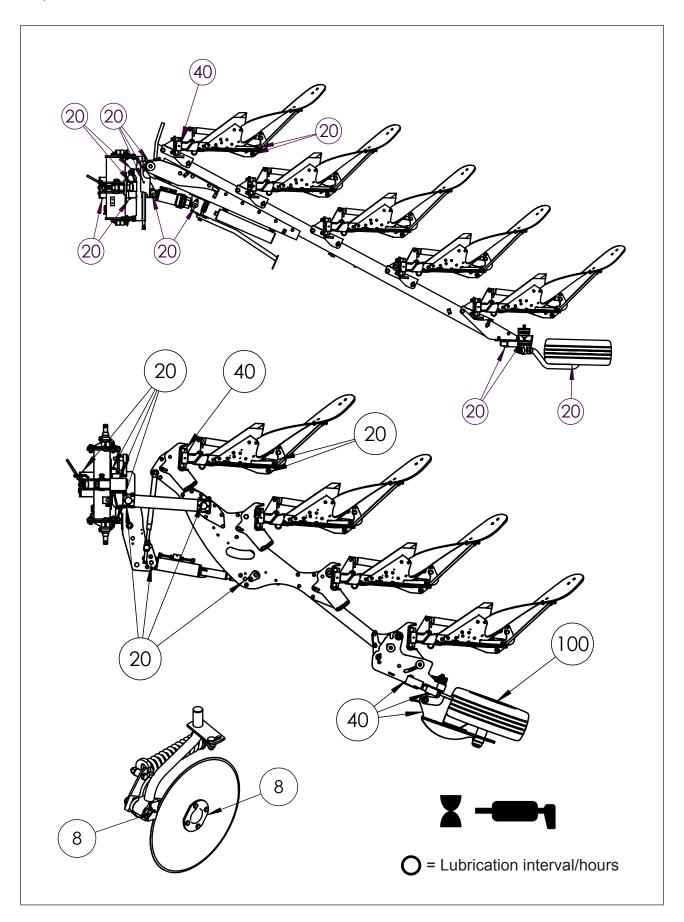
Always use original spare parts!

LUBRICATION CHART

BX, CXLubricate the places indicated in the chart below at the indicated time interval.



DX, EX



CHANGING THE TURN-OVER DIRECTION

The CX ploughs can be mounted for turning either over or under.

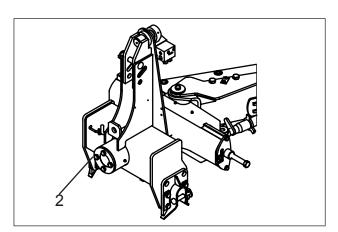
The plough are normally mounted with the bodies turning under. When using furrow press arm, turning the bodies over is recommended.

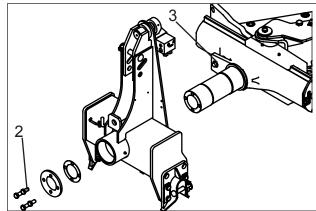


Note: Ploughs equipped with alignment cylinder have different types of turn over valves for turning over or under.

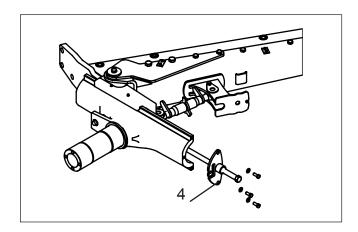
CHANGING THE TURN-OVER DIRECTION

- 1. Park the plough and disconnect the tractor from the plough.
- 2. Dismount the screws in the front of the turn-over axle (2).
- 3. Remove the turn-over cylinder (3) from its lower attachment point. Remove the headstoch with turn-over cylinder.

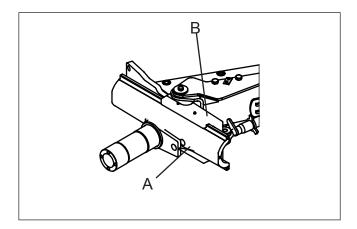




4. Remove the threaded rod alt. the cylinder for the first furrow adjustment.



5. Pull out the turn-over axle (**A**) from the turn-over arm (**B**). Turn the turn-over axle 180° and push the turn-over axle in to the turn-over arm. The rod of the turn-over cylinder will now be on the other side of the turn-over axle.



- 6. Reassemble the threaded rod alt. the cylinder for the first furrow.
- 7. Reassemble the headstock and turn-over cylinder. Use locking fluid for the four screws on the turn-over axle and pull them to right torque, 238 Nm.

7. USEFUL ADVICE

When you have completed a careful and accurate adjustment of your plough so that it works well and gives a good result, make a note of the following important measurements:

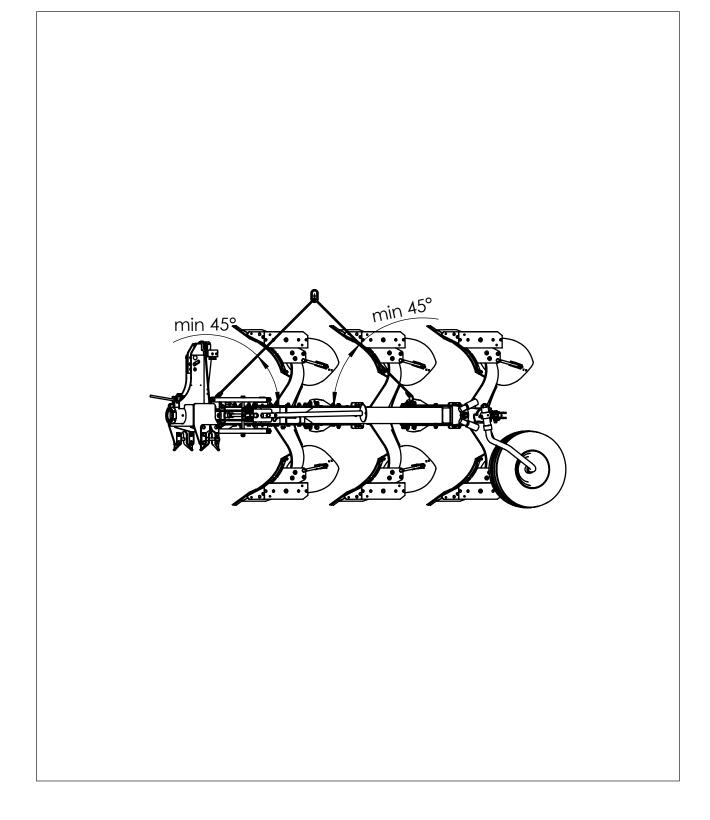
| Length of the lift rods | |
|---|--|
| Length of top link | |
| Length of top link | |
| Left vertical adjustment screw | |
| Right vertical adjustment screw | |
| A-measurement | |
| B-measurement (first furrow width adjustment) | |
| Adjustment algebras geneticulars | |
| Adjustment sleeves combi-wheel | |

These measurements and similar notes will make the adjustments easier next time you start ploughing.

8. LIFTING POINTS

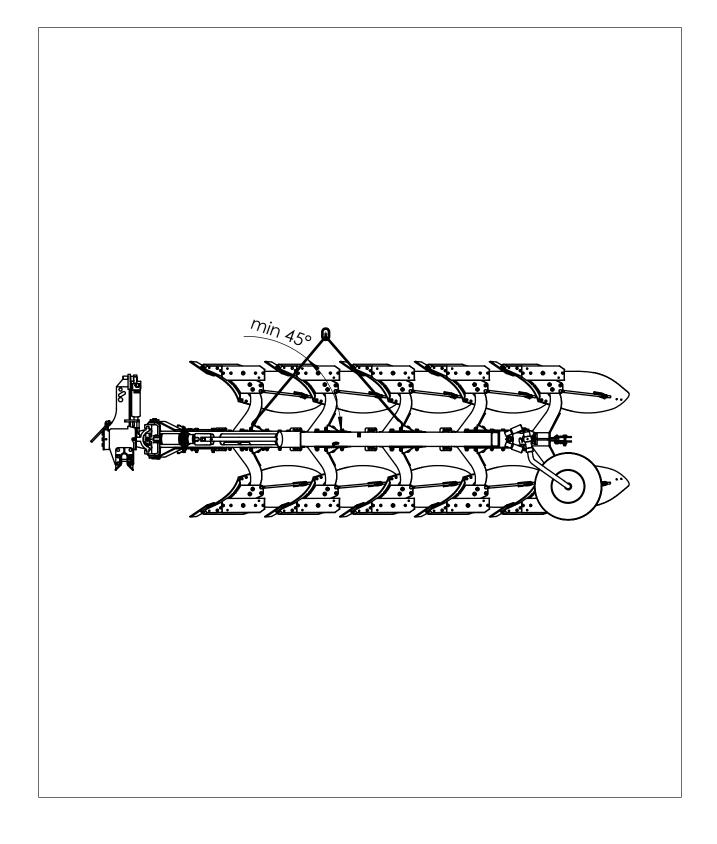
BX CX

Max weight: 2300 Kg



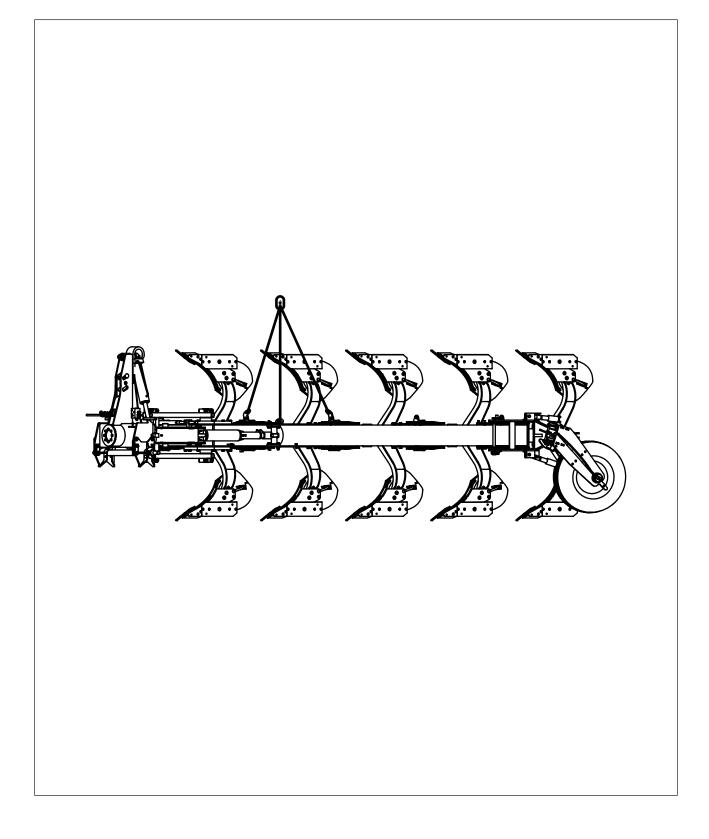
DX

Max weight: 2520 Kg





Max weight: 3255 Kg



9. BASIC A-MEASUREMENTS

A-measurement for BX- Ploughs

| Working | Interbody clearance | | | |
|-----------|---------------------|-----|--|--|
| widths | 90 cm 100 cm | | | |
| 14" / 350 | 370 | 385 | | |
| 16"/ 400 | 350 | 370 | | |
| 18"/ 450 | 335 | 350 | | |

A-measurement for CX- Ploughs

| Working | Interbody clearance | | |
|-----------|---------------------|-----|--|
| widths | 90 cm 100 cm | | |
| 14" / 350 | 380 | | |
| 16"/ 400 | 360 | 380 | |
| 18"/ 450 | 345 | 360 | |

A-measurement for DX- Ploughs

| Working | Interbody clearance | | | |
|-----------|---------------------|--------|--|--|
| widths | 90 cm | 100 cm | | |
| 14" / 350 | 500 | | | |
| 16"/ 400 | 480 | 500 | | |
| 18"/ 450 | 465 | 480 | | |

A-measurement for EX- Ploughs (minimum measurement)

| Working | Interbody clearance | | | |
|-----------|---------------------|------|--|--|
| widths | 90 cm 100 cm | | | |
| 14" / 350 | 1043 | | | |
| 16"/ 400 | 1005 | 1043 | | |
| 18"/ 450 | 968 | 1005 | | |
| 20" / 500 | 931 | 968 | | |

10. TECHNICAL DATA

| Model BX H | Distance between plough bodies pairs (cm) | Under beam clearance (cm) | No. of plough body pairs | Work width (cm) | Recom- mended tractor size (hp) | Machine weight* (kg) | Lifting capacity approx. (kg) |
|---------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 3875 | 80 | 75 | 3 | 90-120 | 60-100 | 1070 | 2100 |
| 3975 | 90 | 75 | 3 | 105-135 | 60-100 | 1085 | 2300 |

^{*} Equipment: Support wheel, one pair of disc coulters, other knife coulters

| Model BX F | Distance between plough bodies pairs (cm) | Under beam clearance (cm) | No. of plough body pairs | Work width (cm) | Recom- mended tractor size (hp) | Machine weight* (kg) | Lifting capacity approx. (kg) |
|---------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 3975 | 90 | 75/80 | 3 | 105-135 | 60-100 | 780 | 1500 |
| 4975 | 90 | 75/80 | 4 | 140-180 | 60-110 | 940 | 1900 |
| 31075 | 100 | 75/80 | 3 | 120-150 | 60-100 | 800 | 1900 |
| 41075 | 100 | 75/80 | 4 | 160-200 | 70-120 | 965 | 2600 |

^{*} Equipment: Support wheel, one pair of disc coulters, other knife coulters

| Model | Distance | Under | No. of | Work | Recom- | Machine | Lifting |
|-------|---------------|-----------|--------|---------|--------------|---------|----------|
| CX H | between | beam | plough | width | mended | weight* | capacity |
| | plough bodies | clearance | body | (cm) | tractor size | (kg) | approx. |
| | pairs (cm) | (cm) | pairs | | (hp) | | (kg) |
| 3975 | 90 | 75/80 | 3 | 105-135 | 70-110 | 1080 | 2500 |
| 4975 | 90 | 75/80 | 4 | 140-180 | 90-150 | 1420 | 3400 |
| 31075 | 100 | 75/80 | 3 | 120-150 | 70-110 | 1190 | 2900 |
| 41075 | 100 | 75/80 | 4 | 160-200 | 90-150 | 1440 | 3900 |

^{*} Equipment: Support wheel, one pair of disc coulters, other knife coulters

| Model CX F | Distance between plough bodies pairs (cm) | Under beam clearance (cm) | No. of plough body pairs | Work width (cm) | Recom- mended tractor size (hp) | Machine weight* (kg) | Lifting capacity approx. (kg) |
|---------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 3975 | 90 | 75/80 | 3 | 105-135 | 60-100 | 1090 | 1500 |
| 4975 | 90 | 75/80 | 4 | 140-180 | 70-120 | 1240 | 2500 |
| 31075 | 100 | 75/80 | 3 | 120-150 | 60-110 | 1100 | 2200 |
| 41075 | 100 | 75/80 | 4 | 160-200 | 70-120 | 1260 | 3000 |

^{*} Equipment: Support wheel, one pair of disc coulters, other knife coulters

| Model | Distance | Under | No. of | Work | Recom- | Machine | Lifting |
|-------|---------------|-----------|--------|---------|--------------|---------|----------|
| DX H | between | beam | plough | width | mended | weight* | capacity |
| | plough bodies | clearance | body | (cm) | tractor size | (kg) | approx. |
| | pairs (cm) | (cm) | pairs | | (hp) | | (kg) |
| 4975 | 90 | 75/80 | 4 | 140-180 | 140-200 | 1570 | 4000 |
| 5975 | 90 | 75/80 | 5 | 175-225 | 175-200 | 1800 | 5000 |
| 41075 | 100 | 75/80 | 4 | 140-180 | 140-200 | 1600 | 4300 |
| 51075 | 100 | 75/80 | 5 | 175-250 | 275-200 | 1830 | 5700 |

^{*} Equipment: Support wheel, one pair of disc coulters, other knife coulters

| Model | Distance | Under | No. of | Work | Recom- | Machine | Lifting |
|-------|---------------|-----------|--------|---------|--------------|---------|----------|
| DX F | between | beam | plough | width | mended | weight* | capacity |
| | plough bodies | clearance | body | (cm) | tractor size | (kg) | approx. |
| | pairs (cm) | (cm) | pairs | | (hp) | | (kg) |
| 4975 | 90 | 75/80 | 4 | 140-180 | 120-180 | 1400 | 3000 |
| 5975 | 90 | 75/80 | 5 | 175-225 | 150-200 | 1710 | 4000 |
| 6975 | 90 | 75/80 | 6 | 210-300 | 150-200 | 1860 | 5000 |
| 41075 | 100 | 75/80 | 4 | 140-180 | 120-180 | 1400 | 3500 |
| 51075 | 100 | 75/80 | 5 | 175-225 | 150-200 | 1730 | 4500 |

^{*} Equipment: Support wheel, one pair of disc coulters, other knife coulters

| Model EX H | Distance between plough bodies pairs (cm) | Under beam clearance (cm) | No. of plough body pairs | Work width (cm) | Recom- mended tractor size (hp) | Machine weight* (kg) | Lifting capacity approx. (kg) |
|---------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 4975 | 90 | 75/80 | 4 | 140-220 | 140-220 | 1920 | 4800 |
| 5975 | 90 | 75/80 | 5 | 175-275 | 175-250 | 2200 | 6000 |
| 6975 | 90 | 75/80 | 6 | 210-330 | 210-300 | 2490 | 8000 |
| 41075 | 100 | 75/80 | 4 | 140-220 | 140-220 | 1940 | 5200 |
| 51075 | 100 | 75/80 | 5 | 175-275 | 175-250 | 2220 | 6600 |
| 61075 | 100 | 75/80 | 6 | 210-330 | 210-300 | 2520 | 8800 |

^{*} Equipment: Combi wheel, one pair of disc coulters, other knife coulters

| Model EX F | Distance between plough bodies pairs (cm) | Under beam clearance (cm) | No. of plough body pairs | Work width (cm) | Recom- mended tractor size (hp) | Machine weight* (kg) | Lifting capacity approx. (kg) |
|---------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 5975 | 90 | 75/80 | 5 | 175-275 | 175-250 | 2040 | 5600 |
| 6975 | 90 | 75/80 | 6 | 210-330 | 210-300 | 2320 | 7000 |
| 41075 | 100 | 75/80 | 4 | 140-220 | 140-200 | 1780 | 4800 |
| 51075 | 100 | 75/80 | 5 | 175-275 | 175-250 | 2060 | 6000 |
| 61075 | 100 | 75/80 | 6 | 210-330 | 210-300 | 2350 | 7500 |

^{*} Equipment: Combi wheel, one pair of disc coulters, other knife coulters



10. TECHNICAL DATA





